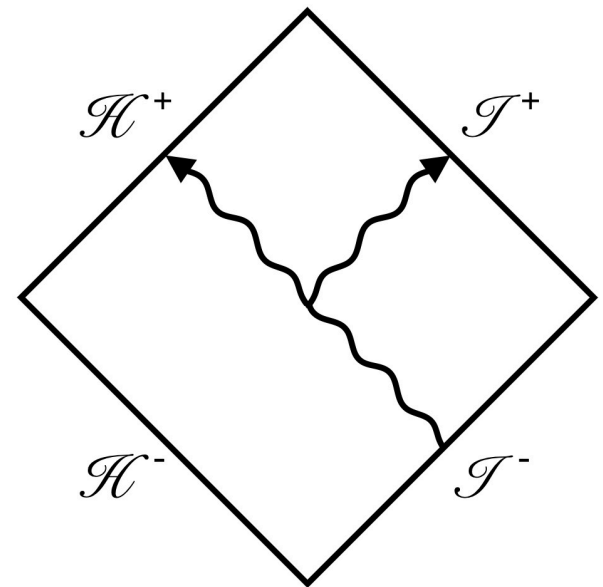
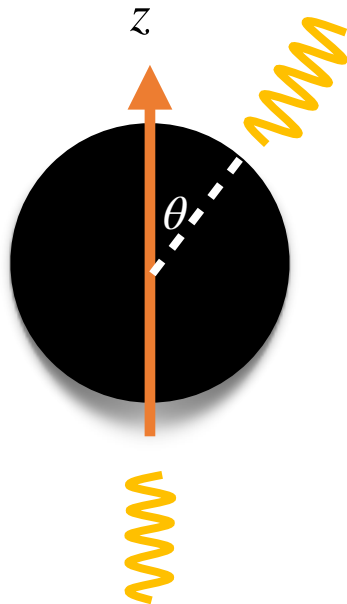


# On the Dynamical Tidal Response of Kerr Black Holes

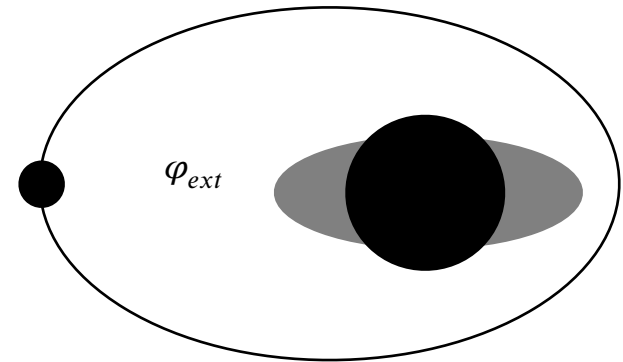
Zihan Zhou (Princeton University)



# Tidal Deformation and Dissipation

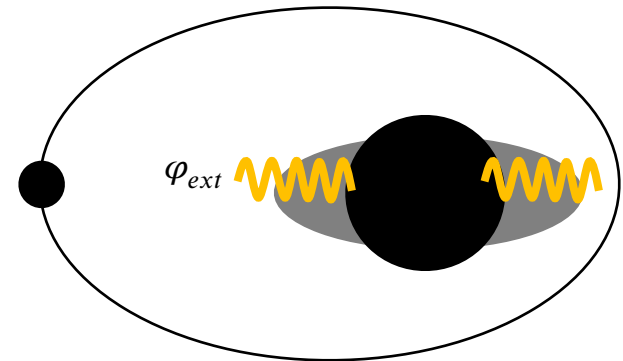
$$S_{\text{tidal}} = \int d\tau Q_{ij}^E \cdot E^{ij} + \int d\tau Q_{ij}^B \cdot B^{ij}$$

**Tidal Deformation:**



\* Love number: time-reversal even part of  $\langle QQ \rangle_{\text{ret}}$

**Tidal Dissipation (Heating):**



\* Dissipation number: time-reversal odd part of  $\langle QQ \rangle_{\text{ret}}$

# Love/Dissipation Numbers of Compact Objects

$$Q_{ij}^E = -M(GM)^4 \left[ (\lambda^E)_{ijkl} E^{kl} - (GM)(\lambda_\omega^E)_{ijkl} \frac{d}{d\tau} E^{kl} \right]$$

$$(\lambda^{E/B})_{kl}^{ij} = \Lambda_{\hat{s}^0}^{E/B} \delta_{\langle k}^i \delta_{l \rangle}^j + H_{\hat{s}^1}^{E/B} \chi \hat{S}^{\langle i} \delta_{l \rangle}^j + \Lambda_{\hat{s}^2}^{E/B} \chi^2 \hat{s}^{\langle i} \hat{s}_{\langle k} \delta_{l \rangle}^j + H_{\hat{s}^3}^{E/B} \chi^3 \hat{s}^{\langle i} \hat{s}_{\langle k} \hat{S}^j \rangle_l + \Lambda_{\hat{s}^4}^{E/B} \chi^4 \hat{s}^{\langle i} \hat{s}_{\langle k} \hat{s}^j \rangle \hat{s}_l$$

SO(3) rep:

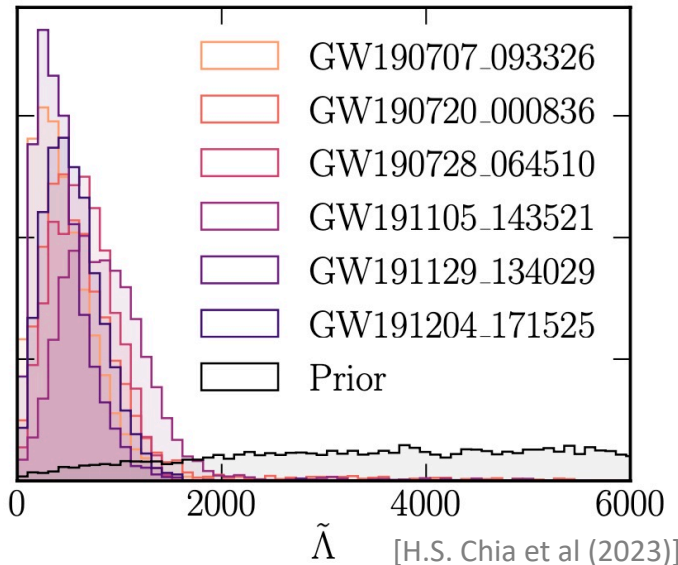
Love                      Dissipation                      Love                      Dissipation                      Love  
 5PN                      2.5PN                      3.5PN

$$(\lambda_\omega^{E/B})_{kl}^{ij} = H_{\hat{s}^0, \omega}^{E/B} \delta_{\langle k}^i \delta_{l \rangle}^j + \Lambda_{\hat{s}^1, \omega}^{E/B} \chi \hat{S}^{\langle i} \delta_{l \rangle}^j + H_{\hat{s}^2, \omega}^{E/B} \chi^2 \hat{s}^{\langle i} \hat{s}_{\langle k} \delta_{l \rangle}^j + \Lambda_{\hat{s}^3, \omega}^{E/B} \chi^3 \hat{s}^{\langle i} \hat{s}_{\langle k} \hat{S}^j \rangle_l + H_{\hat{s}^4, \omega}^{E/B} \chi^4 \hat{s}^{\langle i} \hat{s}_{\langle k} \hat{s}^j \rangle \hat{s}_l$$

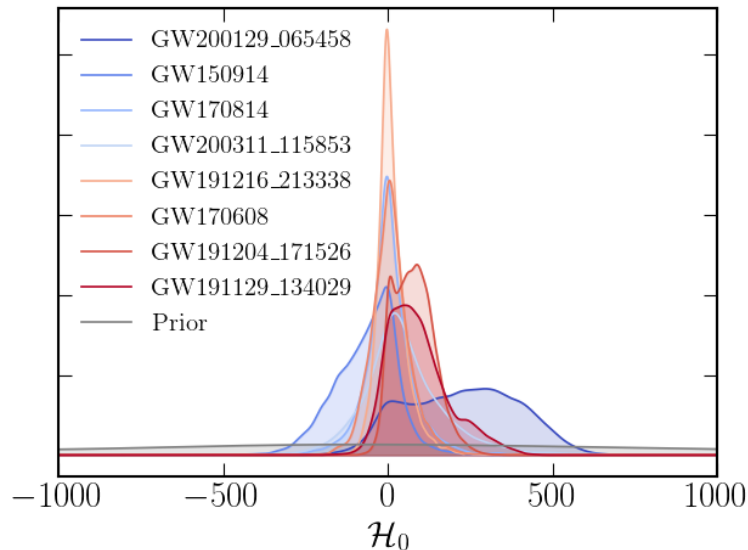
Dissipation                      Love                      Dissipation                      Love                      Dissipation  
 4PN

BHs:

mass-weighted Love number



mass-weighted spin-independent dissipation



[Zhou, Chia, Ivanov, Zaldarriaga et al, in prep]

# RG Running of Dynamical Tides

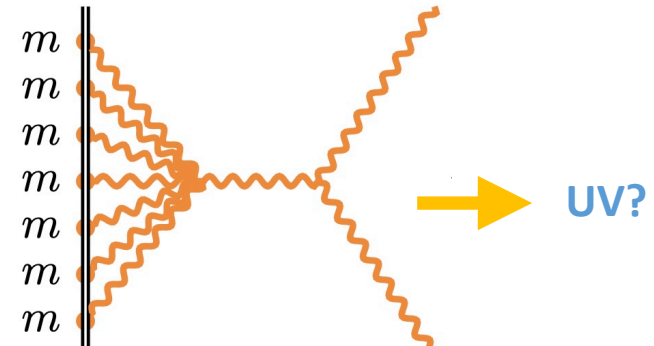
## Tidal Dissipation:

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(1 + \text{BH} \rightarrow 0 + \text{BH}') &= \left| \lambda^E \text{diagram}_1 + \lambda^E_m \text{diagram}_2 + \lambda^E_{m,m} \text{diagram}_3 + \lambda^E_{m,m} \text{diagram}_4 + \lambda^E_{m,m} \text{diagram}_5 \right|^2 + |\text{magnetic}|^2 \\
 &= \left| \lambda^E \text{diagram}_1 \right|^2 \times \left( 1 + \pi r_s |\omega| - \frac{107(r_s \omega)^2}{210} \left[ \frac{1}{(d-4)_{\text{UV}}} + \gamma_E + \log \left( \frac{\omega^2}{\pi \mu^2} \right) \right] + \frac{(r_s \omega)^2}{4} \left[ \frac{4\pi^2}{3} + \frac{634913}{44100} \right] \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

[Saketh, Zhou, Ivanov (2023)]

\* BH absorption probably has logarithmic dependence at 2-loop order ( $G^2$ )

## Tidal Deformation:

$$\Lambda_{\omega^2}^{E/B} \text{diagram} = -\frac{1}{225} (r_s \omega)^7 \log(2r_s \mu) + \text{const}$$


\* BH “dynamical” Love numbers have RG running behavior, which corresponds to the UV divergence at 6-loop order.