

# Corrections to A Course in Mathematical Analysis

D.J.H. Garling

16 June 2016

I wish to thank Bentley Eidem and Michael Mueger, who pointed out many of the errors.

**Correction to Pages 46-47**

The  $A$ s and  $B$ s have become interchanged. The formula in Line 3\* should be

$$n_1 = \inf(B) \leq \inf(A) = m_1.$$

Line I\* should be

$$n_{k+1} = \inf\{b \in B : b > n_k\} \leq \inf\{a \in A : a > m_k\} = m_{k+1}.$$

The formula in Page 47, Line 1 should be

$$n_{k+1} = \inf\{b \in B : b > n_k\} \leq m_k < m_{k+1}.$$

Of course, Proposition 2.4.1 is just a simple technicality.

**Correction to Page 65, line 13**

Two brackets are missing. The first term should be  $-(\psi(m))\psi(l)$ , and the last but one should be  $\psi((-m)l)$ .

**Correction to Page 67, line 3\***

‘upper bound for  $U$ ’ should be ‘upper bound for  $L$ ’.

**Addition to Page 70, line 7**

For clarity, add ‘and so  $D(x)$  is the Dedekind cut equal to  $x$ ’. Of course, one forgets that a real number is defined as a Dedekind cut.

**Correction to Page 74, lines 5\*-4\***

‘By the lemma’ justifies the formula in line 5\*, not its consequence in line 4\*.

**Correction to Page 84 lines 10-11**

Replace  $l > 0$  by  $\epsilon > 0$  and the formula by  $0 < 1/n \leq 1/n_0 < \epsilon$ .

bf Correction to Page 92, line 1

Bracket missing.

**Correction to Page 108, line 13\***

It should read ‘derived from  $(z_j)_{j=0}^\infty$ ’.

**Correction to Page 109, line 5\***

After ‘and’ add ‘if  $0 \leq c_j \leq a_j$  for all  $j$ ’.

**Correction to Page 111, line 6**

$r^{-j_0}$  in the last term.

**Correction to Page 113, line 2**

Replace the second bracket by

$$\left( \frac{1}{q+1} + \frac{1}{(q+1)(q+2)} + \cdots \right).$$

**Correction to Page 114, line 2**

Should be Exercise 3.2.11.

**Correction to Page 115, Proposition 4.3.1**

Replace  $a_j$  by  $z_j$ . In line 1 of the proof, we also need  $|z_j| \leq |x_j| + |y_j|$ .

**Corrections to Page 116, Theorem 4.3.3**

Of course,  $s_n = \sum_{j=0}^n (-1)^j a_j$ . In the third line of the proof,  $a_{2n+2}$  instead of  $a_{2n}$ , and in the seventh line of the proof,  $a_{2n+2}$  instead of  $a_{2n+1}$ .

**Misprint in Page 122, line 2\***

It should be ‘transcendental’.

**Comment on Page 128, item 5**

Uniform convergence is defined later, on Page 165.

**Correction to Page 139, line 6\***

First,  $s > a$ .

**Addition to Page 140, line 11**

Add ‘and  $\mathcal{U}$  is an open cover of  $B$ ’.

**Deletion from Page 149, Theorem 6.1.3**

Delete ‘and that  $l \in \mathbb{R}$ ’.

**Correction to Page 157**

6. Let  $f$  be the *saw-tooth function*

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \{x\} & \text{for } 2k \leq x < 2k+1, \\ 1 - \{x\} & \text{for } 2k+1 \leq x < 2k+2, \end{cases}$$

for  $k \in \mathbf{Z}$ . Let  $g(x) = f(1/x)$  for  $x \neq 0$ , and let  $g(0) = 0$ . Then  $g$  has a discontinuity at 0:  $g(x)$  oscillates in value between 0 and 1 as  $x \rightarrow 0$ .

**Deletion from Page 159, line 12**

Delete a superfluous '='.

**Correction to Page 159, line 15**

Replace  $e$  by  $f$ .

**Correction to Page 167, Theorem 6.6.1**

Change 'real-valued' to 'complex-valued', and  $\mathbf{R}$  to  $\mathbf{C}$ .

**Correction to Page 168, line 6**

Replace  $r - s$  by  $s - r$ .

**Correction to Page 177, line 12**

Delete a superfluous '('.

**Correction to Page 194, lines 6,8 and 9**

Line 6 needs a factor  $w^2$ , and lines 8 and 9 need a factor  $|w|^2$ .

**Correction to Page 194, line 7\***

Should be  $+\sin x$ .

**Correction to Pages 205-6**

Thus

$$f_\alpha(x) = 1 + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} \binom{\alpha}{j} x^j + r_n(x).$$

We need to show that the remainder  $r_n(x)$  tends to 0 as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ . The Lagrange form of the remainder is

$$r_n(x) = \binom{\alpha}{n} (1 + \theta_n x)^{\alpha-n} x^n = (1 + \theta_n x)^\alpha \binom{\alpha}{n} \left( \frac{x}{1 + \theta_n x} \right)^n,$$

where  $0 < \theta_n < 1$ . If  $0 \leq x < 1$  then  $\sup_n |x/(1 + \theta_n x)| < 1$ , and so  $r_n(x) \rightarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$  (see Exercise 3.2.5). If  $-1 < x \leq -1/2$ , this argument does not work.

Instead, we use Cauchy's form of the remainder. Choose  $k > |\alpha|$ . We find that

$$r_n(x) = \frac{\alpha}{k} (1 - \theta_n)^{n-k} \binom{\alpha - 1}{n - 1} (1 + \theta_n x)^{\alpha-n} x^n.$$

Since  $1 - \theta_n < 1 + \theta_n x$ , it follows that if  $n \geq \alpha$  then

$$|r_n(x)| \leq \left| \frac{1}{(1 - |x|)^{k-\alpha}} \binom{\alpha - 1}{n - 1} x^n \right|,$$

and so  $r_n(x) \rightarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .

**Correction to Page 243, line 4**

This should read ' $a_j(f_o) = 0, \quad b_j(f_o) = b_j(f)$ '.

**Correction to Page 250.**

Thus

$$\sum_{n=1}^N a_n(I_\delta) \cos nt = \frac{2}{\delta} \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\sin n\delta \cos nt}{n} = \frac{1}{\delta} \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\sin(n(t+\delta)) - \sin(n(t-\delta))}{n}.$$

Do these sums converge, as  $N \rightarrow \infty$ ? If  $0 < \alpha < \pi$  then

$$\left| \sum_{n=1}^N \sin n\alpha \right| \leq \left| \sum_{n=1}^N e^{in\alpha} \right| = \left| \frac{e^{i(N+1)\alpha} - e^{i\alpha}}{e^{i\alpha} - 1} \right| = \frac{2}{|e^{i\alpha/2} - e^{-i\alpha/2}|} = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha/2}.$$

Thus if  $|t| \leq \pi$ , and if  $|t - \delta| > \eta$  and  $|t + \delta| > \eta$ , then

$$\left| \sum_{n=1}^N (\sin(n(t+\delta)) - \sin(n(t-\delta))) \right| \leq 2 \sin \eta/2.$$

**Correction to Page 263.**

We can clearly suppose that  $f$  is increasing in  $I$ . By a change of variables, we can suppose that  $t = 0$ , so that we need to show that  $\sum_{j=-n}^n \hat{f}_n = \frac{1}{2}(f(0+) + f(0-))$ . We can also suppose that  $f(0) = \frac{1}{2}(f(0+) + f(0-))$ . Let  $j(0) = j(\pi) = 0$ , let  $j(s) = 1$  for  $0 < s \leq \pi$  and  $j(s) = -1$  for  $-\pi < s < 0$ , and extend  $j$  by periodicity. Then  $j$  is an odd function, and so  $\sum_{j=-n}^n \hat{j}_n = 0$  for all  $n \in \mathbf{N}$ . Now let

$$g(s) = f(s) - \frac{1}{2}(f(0+) - f(0-))j(s) - f(0).$$

Then

$$\sum_{k=-n}^n \hat{g}_k = \sum_{k=-n}^n \hat{f}_k - f(0),$$

and so we need to show that  $\sum_{j=-n}^n \hat{g}_n = 0$ .

Correction to Page 308, line 7

It should read  $j(+\infty) = \pi/2$ .

**Addition to Pages 337 and 354**

We also need to define the limit point of a sequence  $(x_n)_{n=0}^\infty$  in a metric space or topological space:  $x$  is a limit point of the sequence  $(x_n)_{n=0}^\infty$  if, whenever  $N$  is a neighbourhood of  $x$  and  $n \in \mathbf{N}$ , there exists  $m \geq n$  such that  $x_m \in N$ .

**Correction to Page 385**

In the table, it should read that a subspace of a second countable space is second countable.

**Addition to Page 389**

In line 4 it should be ' $X = \prod_{i=1} (X_i, d_i)$ '.

**Correction to Pages 401-2**

In Theorem 14.3.4,  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  should be replaced by normed spaces  $(E_1, \|\cdot\|_1)$  and  $(E_2, \|\cdot\|_2)$