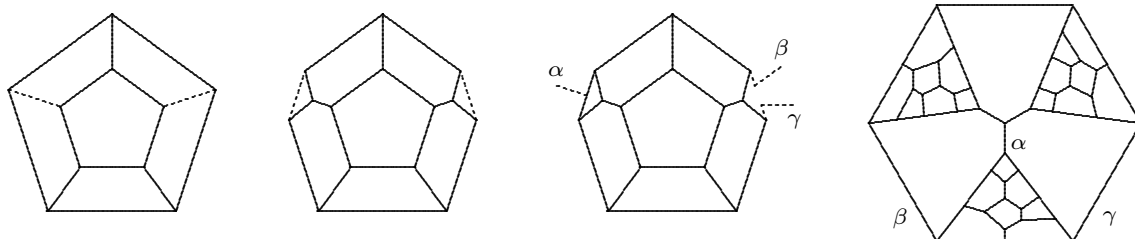


1. Let  $G = K_{s,t}$ . Show that  $A$  has eigenvalues  $\pm\sqrt{st}$  (once each) and 0 ( $s + t - 2$  times), and  $L$  has eigenvalues 0 and  $s + t$  (once each),  $s$  ( $t - 1$  times) and  $t$  ( $s - 1$  times).
2. Prove that the matrix  $J$  (all of whose entries are 1) is a polynomial in the adjacency matrix of a graph  $G$  if and only if  $G$  is regular and connected.
3. Discuss the possibilities for  $d$ -regular, triangle free graphs of order 100 wherein every non-adjacent pair of vertices has  $b$  common neighbours. Find the eigenvalues when  $d = 22$ .
4. Show that  $e(G) \geq \binom{\chi(G)}{2}$  holds for every graph  $G$ .
5. Prove that a triangulated plane map is 3-colourable unless it is  $K_4$ .
6. Let  $p_G(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{|G|} (-1)^i a_i x^{|G|-i}$  be the chromatic polynomial of  $G$ . Find  $p_G(x)$  when  $G = K_{3,m}$  and when  $G$  is the wheel  $W_k$  (a circuit  $C_k$  plus a vertex joined to all of it).  
Prove that  $a_i \geq 0$ ,  $a_0 = 1$ ,  $a_1 = e(G)$  and  $a_2 = \binom{e(G)}{2} - t(G)$ , where  $t(G)$  is the number of triangles in  $G$ .
7. Find graphs  $G$  and  $H$  with  $|G| = |H|$ ,  $e(G) = e(H)$  and  $\chi(G) > \chi(H)$ , such that there are more ways to colour  $G$  than  $H$  when the number of available colours is large.
8. What is  $\chi'(K_{m,n})$ ? What is  $\chi'(K_n)$ ?
9. Let  $G$  be a graph of order  $n$  with complement  $\bar{G}$ . Show that  $2\sqrt{n} \leq \chi(G) + \chi(\bar{G}) \leq n + 1$ .
10. Let  $n = 2^p$ . Show that  $K_{n+1}$  is not the union of  $p$  bipartite graphs but that  $K_n$  is. Deduce that among any  $2^p + 1$  points in the plane there are three that determine an angle of size at least  $\pi(1 - (1/p))$ .
11. Show that an Eulerian plane map is 2-colourable.
12. Verify Tutte's counterexample (on the right) to Tait's conjecture (maybe the dashes help).



13. Show that  $\max\{\chi(G) : G \text{ embeds on the projective plane}\} = 6$ .
14. Prove that, if  $G$  is countable and  $\chi(H) \leq k$  for every finite  $H \subset G$ , then  $\chi(G) \leq k$ .
- + 15. You are at a party where no-one has more friends than you do. You discover that every two people there have exactly one mutual friend present. Prove that everybody is your friend.
- + 16. Construct a triangle-free graph of chromatic number 1526.