

## Linear Algebra: Preliminaries

**This is NOT one of the official example sheets of the course.**

*This sheet contains a few questions to revise some of the linear algebra covered in the IA Algebra and Geometry course last year. It is not one of the official example sheets - there will be four of these, the first one appearing soon. You may wish to revisit exercises 1 to 8 on Professor Körner's sheet 1 for Algebra and Geometry IA - this is still available on the web, if you lost your copy. A few other examples appear below. You may wish to look at these soon, to get some early practice. A page of notes for revision, compiled by a previous lecturer, Professor Hyland, appears on the website for the course, under the heading Recapitulation. This and further example sheets are also taken largely from ones prepared a couple of years ago by Professor Hyland.*

1. Let  $U$  be the subset of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  consisting of all vectors  $\mathbf{x}$  satisfying the various conditions below. In which of these cases is  $U$  a vector space over  $\mathbb{R}$ ?
  - (a)  $x_1 > 0$ .
  - (b) either  $x_1 = 0$  or  $x_2 = 0$ .
  - (c)  $x_1 + x_2 = 0$ .
  - (d)  $x_1 + x_2 = 1$ .
  - (e)  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 0$  and  $x_1 - x_3 = 0$ .
2. For each of the vector spaces found in the question above, what is the dimension?
3. Show that the four vectors  $(1, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 1, 0)$ ,  $(0, 0, 1)$  and  $(1, 1, 1)$  form a linearly dependent set, but that any proper subset of them is linearly independent.
4. Which of the following are bases for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ?

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; \quad (b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

5. Find the ranks of the following matrices  $A$ , and give bases for the kernel and image of the linear maps  $\mathbf{x} \mapsto A\mathbf{x}$ .

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad ; \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad ; \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

6. Find a basis with respect to which  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  is diagonal. Hence compute the  $n$ th power  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^n$ .
7. For some of the matrices  $A$  in question 5, calculate its characteristic polynomial  $\chi_A$  and check that  $\chi_A(A) = 0$ .
8. For what values of  $a$  and  $b$  does the system of simultaneous linear equations

$$\begin{aligned} x + y + z &= 1 \\ ax + 2y + z &= b \\ a^2x + 4y + z &= b^2 \end{aligned}$$

have (i) a unique solution, (ii) no solution, (iii) many solutions? When solutions do exist, find them.

Comments, corrections and queries can be sent to me at [saxl@dpnms.cam.ac.uk](mailto:saxl@dpnms.cam.ac.uk).