

## Part IA Groups // Example Sheet 4

1. Show that if  $H \leq A_5$  then  $|A_5/H| > 4$ . [Consider an action on the set  $A_5/H$ .]
2. Let  $G \subseteq SL_3(\mathbb{R})$  be the subset of all matrices of the form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & a & b \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Prove that  $G$  is a subgroup. Let  $H \subset G$  be the subset of those matrices with  $a = c = 0$ . Show that  $H$  is a normal subgroup of  $G$ , and determine the quotient group  $G/H$ .

3. Let  $G \subseteq SL_3(\mathbb{R})$  be the subset of all matrices of the form

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ b & c & d \\ e & f & g \end{bmatrix}.$$

Prove that  $G$  is a subgroup. Construct a surjective homomorphism  $\phi : G \rightarrow GL_2(\mathbb{R})$ , and find its kernel.

4. Show that matrices  $A, B \in SL_2(\mathbb{C})$  are conjugate in  $SL_2(\mathbb{C})$  if and only if they are conjugate in  $GL_2(\mathbb{C})$ . With a few exceptions—which you should find—show that matrices in  $SL_2(\mathbb{C})$  are conjugate if and only if they have the same trace.
5. Let  $SL_2(\mathbb{R})$  act on  $\hat{\mathbb{C}}$  by Möbius transformations. Find the orbit and stabiliser of  $i$  and  $\infty$ . By considering the orbit of  $i$  under the action of the stabiliser of  $\infty$ , show that every  $g \in SL_2(\mathbb{R})$  can be written as  $g = hk$  with  $h$  upper triangular and  $k \in SO(2)$ . In how many ways can this be done?
6. Suppose that  $N$  is a normal subgroup of  $O(2)$ . Show that if  $N$  contains a reflection then  $N = O(2)$ .
7. Which pairs of elements of  $SO(3)$  commute?
8. If  $A \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{C})$  with entries  $A_{ij}$ , let  $A^\dagger \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{C})$  have entries  $\overline{A_{ji}}$ . A matrix is called *unitary* if  $AA^\dagger = I_n$ . Show that the set  $U(n)$  of unitary matrices is a subgroup of  $GL_n(\mathbb{C})$ . Show that

$$SU(n) = \{A \in U(n) \text{ s.t. } \det A = 1\}$$

is a normal subgroup of  $U(n)$  and that  $U(n)/SU(n) \cong S^1$ . Show that  $Q_8$  is isomorphic to a subgroup of  $SU(2)$ .

9. Let  $K$  be a normal subgroup of order 2 in a group  $G$ . Show that  $K$  is a subgroup of the centre  $Z(G)$  of  $G$ . Show that if  $n$  is odd then  $O(n) \cong SO(n) \times C_2$ . Why doesn't a similar argument work if  $n$  is even?
10. Let  $X = \{B \in M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R}) \mid \text{Tr}(B) = 0\}$ . Show that  $A * B = ABA^{-1}$  defines an action of  $SL_2(\mathbb{R})$  on  $X$ . Find the orbit and stabiliser of

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Show that the set of matrices in  $X$  with determinant 0 is the union of three orbits.

11. \* Prove that  $S_n$  has a subgroup isomorphic to  $Q_8$  if and only if  $n \geq 8$ . Does  $GL_2(\mathbb{R})$  have a subgroup isomorphic to  $Q_8$ ?
12. \* Let  $G$  be a finite non-trivial subgroup of  $SO(3)$ . Let

$$X = \{v \in \mathbb{R}^3 \text{ s.t. } |v| = 1 \text{ and there exists a } g \in G \setminus \{e\} \text{ with } g * v = v\}.$$

Show that  $G$  acts on  $X$  and that there are either 2 or 3 orbits. What is  $G$  if there are 2 orbits?