Part II Representation Theory Sheet 3

Unless otherwise stated, groups here are finite, and all vector spaces are finite dimensional over a field F of characteristic zero, usually C.

Q.1 Find all the characters of S_5 induced by the irreducible characters of S_4 . Hence find the character table of S_5 .

Repeat, replacing S_4 by the subgroup $\langle (12345), (2354) \rangle$ of order 20 in S_5 .

- **Q.2** Construct the character table of the dihedral group D_{10} of order 10. Use induction from the subgroup D_{10} of A_5 to obtain the character table of A_5 .
- **Q.3** Let H be a subgroup of the group G. Show that for every irreducible representation ρ for G there is an irreducible representation ρ' for H with ρ a component of the induced representation $\operatorname{Ind}_H^G \rho'$.

Prove that if A is an abelian subgroup of G then every irreducible representation of G has dimension at most |G:A|.

- **Q.4** Obtain the character table of the dihedral group D_{2m} of order 2m, by using induction from the cyclic subgroup C_m . Note that it matters whether m is odd or even.
- **Q.5** Calculate $\chi_{\Lambda^2\rho}$ and $\chi_{S^2\rho}$, where ρ is the irreducible representation of dimension 2 of D_8 , and repeat for Q_8 . Which of these characters contains the principal character in the two cases?
- **Q.6** Let $\rho: G \to GL(V)$ be a representation of G of dimension d.
- i) Compute the dimension of S^nV and Λ^nV for all n.
- ii) Let $g \in G$ and let $\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_d$ be the eigenvalues of g on V. What are the eigenvalues of g on S^nV and Λ^nV ?
- iii) Let $f(x) = \det(g xI)$ be the characteristic polynomial of g on V. Descibe how to obtain the trace $\chi_{\Lambda^n V}(g)$ from the coefficients of f(x).
- iv*) Find a relation between $\chi_{S^nV}(g)$ and the polynomial f(x).

[Do the case where V has dimension 1 first.]

- **Q.7** (i) Let G be the symmetric group S_n , let $X = \{1, ..., n\}$. Write X_r for the set of all r-element subsets of X, and let π_r be the permutation character of the action of G on X_r . If $r \leq s \leq n/2$, show that G has r+1 orbits in its action on $X_r \times X_s$, and deduce that $\langle \pi_r, \pi_s \rangle = r+1$. Deduce that the generalized character $\pi_r \pi_{r-1}$ is an irreducible character for $1 \leq r \leq n/2$.
- (ii) Repeat with G the general linear group GL(X), where X is a vector space of dimension n over a finite field, and X_r is the set of all r-dimensional subspaces of X.

Q.8 Given any complex representation V of the cyclic group $\mathbb{Z}/2$, write down the projections to the two isotypic summands of V, directly from the action of G on V. Show that your formulas give a decomposition of V as a direct sum of two subspaces even if V is an infinite-dimensional representation of $\mathbb{Z}/2$.

More generally, given any complex representation V of any finite cyclic group \mathbb{Z}/n , write down the projections to the n isotypic summands of V, directly from the action of G on V.

Q.9 If $\rho: G \to GL(V)$ is an irreducible complex representation for G affording character χ , find the characters of the representation spaces $V \otimes V$, $Sym^2(V)$ and $\Lambda^2(V)$.

Deduce that

$$\frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{x \in G} \chi(x^2) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } \chi \text{ is not real-valued;} \\ \pm 1, & \text{if } \chi \text{ is real-valued.} \end{cases}$$

[Remark. The sign +, resp. -, indicates whether $\rho(G)$ preserves an orthogonal, resp. symplectic form on V, and whether or not the representation can be realized over the reals. You can read about it in Isaacs or in James and Liebeck - it is the Frobenius–Schur indicator.]

Q.10 The group $G \times G$ acts on G by $(g,h)(x) = gxh^{-1}$. In this way, the regular representation space $\mathbf{C}[G]$ becomes a $G \times G$ -space. (So far, we only considered $\mathbf{C}[G]$ as a representation space of the group $G \times \{1\} \leq G \times G$.)

Determine the character π of $G \times G$ in this action. For each irreducible character $\chi \psi$ of $G \times G$, determine its multiplicity in π . Compare π to the character of the subgroup $G \times \{1\}$ in this action.

- **Q.11** If θ is a faithful character of the group G, which takes r distinct values on G, prove that each irreducible character of G is a constituent of θ to power i for some i < r. [Assume that $\langle \chi, \theta^i \rangle = 0$ for all i < r; use the fact that the Vandermonde $r \times r$ matrix involving the row of the distinct values $a_1, ..., a_r$ of θ is nonsingular to obtain a contradiction.]
- **Q.12** Construct the character table of the symmetric group S_6 .