Representation Theory Sheet 4

CT, Lent 2005

Starred questions are optional. For help with Questions 1 and 2, consult the appropriate section of the notes.

4.1 Question

Show that any continuous group homomorphisms $\phi : U(1) \to \mathbb{C}^{\times}$ lands in the subgroup U(1) of unit norm complex numbers. Moreover, show that: either $\phi \equiv 1$, or else ker ϕ is a cyclic subgroup of roots of unity.

4.2 Question

Let ϕ be as in Question 1, with kernel of order n. Show that $\phi(z) = z^n$ or $\phi(z) = z^{-n}$, as follows. Define $f: (0, 2\pi/n) \to (0, 2\pi)$ by $f(\theta) = \arg \phi(e^{i\theta})$. Show that f is monotonically increasing or decreasing. Show that f(x) = nx or f(x) = -nx, for all rational numbers x.

[Use the fact that ϕ is a homomorphism, is monotonic, and compare the number of points of appropriate orders in the two groups U(1).]

Finish the proof by continuity.

4.3 Question

Prove that the left×right action of $SU(2) \times SU(2)$ on quaternions defines an isomorphism $SU(2) \times SU(2)/\{\pm(1,1)\} \cong SO(4)$. (Given the work in class, you must only check surjectivity of the map.)

4.4 Question

Let G = SU(2) and let S_n be its irreducible (n+1)-dimensional representation. (So $S_0 = 1$). Using the character formulae for the S_n , decompose the following representations into irreducibles:

(a) $\text{Sym}^2 S_3$; (b) $\Lambda^2 S_3$; (c) $S_1^{\otimes n}$; (d) $\text{Sym}^3 S_2$.

[For part (d), refer to Sheet 2 Q.10 or to Question 6 below.]

4.5 Question

Describe the representation ring of U(2).

4.6 Question*: Characters of symmetric and exterior powers

Let the finite or compact group G act on V.

(a) By considering the action of a group element g in an eigen-basis, with eigenvalues $\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_d$, show that the generating function for the characters of g on the exterior powers $\Lambda^n V$ satisfies

$$\sum_{n\geq 0} t^n \chi_{\Lambda^n V}(g) = \prod_{i=1}^d \left(1 + t\lambda_i\right),$$

while on the symmetric powers $\operatorname{Sym}^n V$,

$$\sum_{n\geq 0} t^n \chi_{\operatorname{Sym}^n V}(g) = \prod_{i=1}^d \frac{1}{(1-t\lambda_i)}$$

Express these generating series in terms of the characteristic polynomial for the action of g on V.

(b) For a function φ on the group G, define $\Psi^k[\varphi]$ to be the function $g \mapsto \varphi(g^k)$. Rewriting the right-hand sides in

the identities above as $\exp \log of$ the same, show that

$$\sum_{n \ge 0} t^n \chi_{\text{Sym}^n V} = \exp\left\{\sum_{n > 0} t^n \Psi^n[\chi]/n\right\}, \qquad \sum_{n \ge 0} (-t)^n \chi_{\Lambda^n V} = \exp\left\{-\sum_{n > 0} t^n \Psi^n[\chi]/n\right\}.$$

(c) Show, by comparing bases, that there is a natural isomorphism

$$\operatorname{Sym}^{n}(V \oplus W) \cong \bigoplus_{p+q=n} \operatorname{Sym}^{p}(V) \otimes \operatorname{Sym}^{q}(W),$$

and similarly for the exterior powers. (By convention, $\text{Sym}^0 V = \Lambda^0(V) = \mathbb{C}$). Assemble these to the natural isomorphism of formal power series

$$\sum_{n\geq 0} t^n \operatorname{Sym}^n(V \oplus W) = \sum_{n\geq 0} t^n \operatorname{Sym}^n(V) \otimes \sum_{n\geq 0} t^n \operatorname{Sym}^n(W).$$

Splitting V into d eigen-lines for the action of g, discuss this in relation to the formula in Part (a).

4.7 Question^{*}: the Adams operations Ψ^k

For the character χ of the representation V of G, let $s^k[\chi]$ and $\lambda^k[\chi]$ denote the characters of the kth symmetric and exterior powers of V. Refer to Question 4.6.b for the definition of $\Psi^k[\chi]$.

(a) By taking $\frac{d}{dt}$ of log of both sides in 4.6.b and equating coefficients of t-powers, conclude that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} \Psi^{k}[\chi] s^{n-k}[\chi] = n \cdot s^{n}[\chi], \qquad \sum_{k=1}^{n} (-1)^{k-1} \Psi^{k}[\chi] \lambda^{n-k}[\chi] = n \cdot \lambda^{n}[\chi]$$

(b) From (a), conclude by induction that $\Psi^n[\chi]$ is an *integral* linear combination of characters of G.

(c) Assume now that G is finite and n is prime to |G|. Show that the map $g \mapsto g^n$ is a bijection of G with itself. (d) By calculating the norm, show that $\Psi^n[\chi]$ is irreducible, if χ is so and n is prime to |G|.

(e) Find the action of Ψ^n on your favourite character tables.

4.8 Question*

Show that the character of the symmetric power $\operatorname{Sym}^{k}(\mathbb{C}^{n})$ of the standard *n*-dimensional representation of U(n) is the Schur function $S_{(k,0,\ldots,0)}$.

[*Hint: Consider the generating function for the* Sym^k *as in Question 6a, and play with determinants.*]