

1. Show that  $\{\mathbf{Inf}, \mathbf{Sep}\} \vdash \mathbf{Emp}$ . Does  $\mathbf{Inf} \vdash \mathbf{Emp}$ ? Does  $\mathbf{Sep} \vdash \mathbf{Emp}$ ? [*N.B. You should interpret  $\{\mathbf{Inf}, \mathbf{Sep}\}$  as “the collection of formulae in the language of sets consisting of the Axiom of Infinity and every instance of the Axiom of Separation” etc.*]
2. Show that  $\mathbf{Rep} \vdash \mathbf{Sep}$ . Show also that  $\{\mathbf{Emp}, \mathbf{Pow}, \mathbf{Rep}\} \vdash \mathbf{Pair}$ .
3. Write down sentences in the language of sets to express the assertions that, for any two sets  $x$  and  $y$ , the product  $x \times y$  and the set of all functions from  $x$  to  $y$  exist. Indicate how to deduce these sentences from the axioms of ZF.
4. Write down a formula  $p$  in the language of sets with  $FV(p) = \{x\}$  that says “ $x$  is a (von Neumann) ordinal”. What should the von Neumann ordinal  $\omega^2$  be? Why do the axioms of ZF prove that it is a set?
5. Is it true that if  $x$  is a transitive set then the relation  $\in$  on  $x$  is a transitive relation? Does the converse hold?
6. What precisely do we mean by the assertion “every set is a class”? Show carefully that if  $V$  is a model of ZF then the class  $V$  is not a set.
7. Formulate a precise definition of a class defined by a formula  $p$  in the language of sets with  $FV(p) = \{x, t\}$  where  $t$  is a parameter.
8. Let  $\in\text{-Ind}$  denote the principle of  $\in$ -induction and let  $p$  be the formula  $(\forall y)((x \in y) \Rightarrow (\exists z)((z \in y) \wedge (z \cap y = \emptyset)))$ . Show that  $(ZF \setminus \{\mathbf{Fdn}\}) \cup \{\in\text{-Ind}\} \vdash (\forall x)p$  and hence that  $(ZF \setminus \{\mathbf{Fdn}\}) \cup \{\in\text{-Ind}\} \vdash \mathbf{Fdn}$ .
9. What is the rank of  $\{2, 3, 6\}$ ? What is the rank of  $\{\{2, 3\}, \{6\}\}$ ? Work out the ranks of  $\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{Q}$  and  $\mathbb{R}$ , using your favourite constructions of these objects from  $\omega$ .
10. A set  $x$  is called *hereditarily finite* if each member of  $\text{TC}(\{x\})$  is finite. Prove that the class HF of hereditarily finite sets coincides with  $V_\omega$ . Which of the axioms of ZF are satisfied in the structure HF?
11. Which of the axioms of ZF are satisfied in the structure  $V_{\omega+\omega}$ ?
12. If ZF is consistent then, by Downward Löwenheim-Skolem, it has a countable model. Doesn't this contradict the fact that, for example, the power-set of  $\omega$  is uncountable?
13. Show that if ZF is consistent then it has a model  $V$  containing elements  $x_0, x_1, x_2, \dots$ , such that  $x_{n+1} \in x_n$  for  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ . Doesn't this show that ZF is in fact inconsistent, as now  $\{x_0, x_1, x_2, \dots\}$  is a non-empty set by  $\mathbf{Rep}$  with no  $\in$ -minimal member, contradicting  $\mathbf{Fdn}$ ?
14. Is  $\text{PA} \cup \{\neg \text{Con}(\text{PA})\}$   $\omega$ -consistent?
- +15. Show (without assuming the fact that every computable/recursive function is PA-definable) that the function  $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  given by  $f(n) = 2^n$  is PA-definable.