

1. For a fixed $a = (a_n) \in l_\infty$, define $T : l_2 \rightarrow l_2$ by $T(\sum x_n e_n) = \sum a_n x_n e_n$. Prove that T is continuous, and that $\|T\| = \|a\|_\infty$.
2. A linear functional T on l_∞ is called *positive* if $T(y) \geq 0$ whenever $y_n \geq 0$ for all n . Prove that a positive linear functional on l_∞ is continuous.
3. Prove carefully that c_0^* is isometrically isomorphic to l_1 and that l_1^* is isometrically isomorphic to l_∞ .
4. Let T be a linear functional on a normed space X . Prove that if T is continuous then $\text{Ker } T$ is closed in X , while if T is discontinuous then $\text{Ker } T$ is dense in X .
5. For which $a \in l_\infty$ is the operator T in Question 1 compact?
6. Let X and Y be normed spaces that are dense in Banach spaces \tilde{X} and \tilde{Y} respectively, and let $T \in L(X, Y)$. Explain why T extends to a unique $\tilde{T} \in L(\tilde{X}, \tilde{Y})$. Show that $\|\tilde{T}\| = \|T\|$, so that we may regard $L(X, Y)$ as a subspace of $L(\tilde{X}, \tilde{Y})$. Is $L(X, Y)$ dense in $L(\tilde{X}, \tilde{Y})$? If T is surjective, must \tilde{T} be surjective? If T is injective, must \tilde{T} be injective?
7. Does there exist a discontinuous linear map on a Banach space?
8. Let X be a (non-empty) countable complete metric space. Prove that X has an isolated point.
9. Let $f : \mathbb{R}_+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a continuous function such that for every $x > 0$ we have $f(nx) \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Show that $f(x) \rightarrow 0$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$.
10. Let X be a closed subspace of $C[0, 1]$. Suppose that for every $f \in C[0, 1/2]$ there exists $g \in X$ whose restriction to $[0, 1/2]$ is f . Show that there is a constant c such that the function g may always be chosen to satisfy $\|g\| \leq c\|f\|$.
11. Let $\|\cdot\|$ be a complete norm on $C[0, 1]$ such that, for every $x \in [0, 1]$, the evaluation map $f \mapsto f(x)$ is continuous. Prove that $\|\cdot\|$ is equivalent to the uniform norm.
12. Let $T : l_2 \rightarrow l_2$ be a linear map such that, for every $y \in l_2$, the map $x \mapsto T(x).y$ is continuous. Must T be continuous?
13. Does there exist a complete norm on F , the space of finite sequences?
- +14. Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an infinitely differentiable function such that for every $x \in \mathbb{R}$ there is an n with $f^{(m)}(x) = 0$ for all $m \geq n$. Prove that f is a polynomial.