

1. For which  $n$  and  $m$  is the complete bipartite graph  $K_{n,m}$  Hamiltonian? Is the Petersen graph Hamiltonian?
2. Let  $G$  be a graph of order  $n$  with  $e(G) > \binom{n}{2} - (n - 2)$ . Prove that  $G$  is Hamiltonian.
3. Let  $G$  be a bipartite graph with vertex classes  $X, Y$ . Show that if  $G$  has a matching from  $X$  to  $Y$  then there exists  $x \in X$  such that every edge incident with  $x$  extends to a matching from  $X$  to  $Y$ .
4. Let  $G$  be a connected bipartite graph with vertex classes  $X, Y$ . Show that every edge of  $G$  extends to a matching from  $X$  to  $Y$  if and only if  $|\Gamma(A)| > |A|$  for every  $A \subset X$ ,  $A \neq \emptyset, X$ .
5. Let  $A$  be a matrix with each entry 0 or 1. Prove that the minimum number of rows and columns containing all the 1s of  $A$  equals the the maximum number of 1s that can be found with no two in the same row or column.
6. An  $n \times n$  *Latin square* (resp.  $r \times n$  *Latin rectangle*) is an  $n \times n$  (resp.  $r \times n$ ) matrix, with each entry from  $\{1, \dots, n\}$ , such that no two entries in the same row or column are the same. Prove that every  $r \times n$  Latin rectangle may be extended to an  $n \times n$  Latin square.
- <sup>+</sup>7. Let  $G$  be a (possibly infinite) bipartite graph, with vertex classes  $X, Y$ , such that  $|\Gamma(A)| \geq |A|$  for every  $A \subset X$ . Give an example to show that  $G$  need not contain a matching from  $X$  to  $Y$ . Show however that if  $G$  is countable and  $d(x) < \infty$  for every  $x \in X$  then  $G$  does contain a matching from  $X$  to  $Y$ . Does this remain true if  $G$  is uncountable?
8. Show that we always have  $\kappa(G) \leq \delta(G)$  and  $\lambda(G) \leq \delta(G)$ .
9. Show that we always have  $\kappa(G) \leq \lambda(G)$ . For any positive integers  $k \leq l$ , construct a graph  $G$  with  $\kappa(G) = k$  and  $\lambda(G) = l$ .
10. For a set  $B \subset V(G)$  and a vertex  $a$  not in  $B$ , an  $a$ - $B$  *fan* is a family of  $|B|$  paths from  $a$  to  $B$ , any two meeting only at  $a$ . Show that a graph  $G$  (with  $|G| > k$ ) is  $k$ -connected if and only if there is an  $a$ - $B$  fan for every  $B \subset V(G)$  with  $|B| = k$  and every vertex  $a$  not in  $B$ .
11. Let  $G$  be a  $k$ -connected graph ( $k \geq 2$ ), and let  $x_1, \dots, x_k$  be vertices of  $G$ . Show that there is a cycle in  $G$  containing all the  $x_i$ .
12. Let  $x_1, \dots, x_n$  be points in the plane such that no two of them are more than distance 1 apart. Prove that, of the  $\binom{n}{2}$  possible pairs of points, at most  $n^2/3$  are at distance greater than  $1/\sqrt{2}$ .
13. A *deleted*  $K_r$  consists of a  $K_r$  from which an edge has been removed. Show that if  $G$  is a graph of order  $n$  ( $n \geq r + 1$ ) with  $e(G) > e(T_{r-1}(n))$  then  $G$  contains a deleted  $K_{r+1}$ .
- <sup>+</sup>14. Let  $G$  be an  $r$ -regular graph on  $2r + 1$  vertices. Prove that  $G$  is Hamiltonian.