MATHEMATICAL TRIPOS PART II (2019–2020) CODING AND CRYPTOGRAPHY EXAMPLE SHEET 4 OF 4

- A linear feedback shift register was used to generate the stream 110001110001... Recover the feedback polynomial by the Berlekamp-Massey method. (The LFSR has length 4 but you should work through the trials for length d for $1 \le d \le 4$.)
- **2** We model English text by a sequence of random variables $(X_n)_{n\geq 1}$ taking values in $\Sigma = \{A, B, \ldots, Z, \mathtt{space}\}$. The entropy of English is $H_E = \lim_{n\to\infty} H(X_1, \ldots, X_n)/n$. (a) Assuming H_E exists, show that $0 \leq H_E \leq \log 27$.
- (b) Taking $H_E \approx \log 3 \approx 1.58$, estimate the unicity distance of (i) the substitution cipher, and (ii) the Vigenère cipher.
- 3 Konstantin uses a one-time pad to communicate with the notorious international spy Villanelle. The messages are enciphered in the obvious way. [If the pad has C, the third letter of the alphabet, and the message has I, the ninth letter, then the encrypted message has L, the (3+9)th. Work modulo 26.] Unknown to them, the person they employ to carry the messages is actually the MI5 agent Eve Polastri in disguise. MI5 are on the verge of arresting Villanelle when Eve is given the message

LRPFOJQLCUD

Eve knows that the actual message is

FLYXATXONCE

and suggests that 'the boffins change things a little' so that Villanelle deciphers the message as

REMAINXHERE

The only boffin available is you. Advise MI5.

- 4 A non-linear feedback register of length 4 has defining relation $x_{n+1} = x_n x_{n-1} + x_{n-3}$. Show that the state space contains 4 cycles of lengths 1, 2, 4 and 9.
- I announce that I shall be using the Rabin code with modulus N. My agent in X'Dofro sends me a message m (with $1 \le m \le N-1$) encoded in the requisite form. Unfortunately, my cat eats the piece of paper on which the prime factors of N are recorded so I am unable to decipher it. I therefore find a new pair of primes and announce that I shall be using the Rabin code with modulus N' > N. My agent now recodes the message and sends it to me again.

The dreaded SNDO of X'Dofro intercept both code messages. Show that they can find m. Can they decipher any other messages sent to me using only one of the coding schemes?

- $\mathbf{6}$ (i) A user of RSA accidentally chooses a large prime for his modulus N. Explain why this system is not secure.
- (ii) A popular choice for the RSA encryption exponent is e = 65537. Using this exponent how many multiplications are required to encrypt a message?
 - (iii) Why might it be a bad idea to use an RSA modulus N = pq with |p q| small?

- 7 Alice and Bob are issued with RSA public keys (N, e_1) and (N, e_2) , and corresponding private keys (N, d_1) and (N, d_2) .
- (i) The same message m is sent to both Alice and Bob. Assuming e_1 and e_2 are coprime, how can we recover m from the intercepted cipher texts c_1 and c_2 ?
 - (ii) How can Alice read messages sent to Bob?
- 8 Extend the Diffie-Hellman key exchange system to cover three participants in a way that is likely to be as secure as the two party scheme.
- **9** Describe briefly the Elgamal¹ signature scheme and indicate how it defeats a homomorphism attack.

Alice signs a sequence of messages, incrementing the value of k by 2 each time. Assuming Bob knows this, show that in most cases he can determine Alice's private key from two consecutive signed messages (without having to solve the discrete logarithm problem).

10 Recall that if x_n is a stream which is periodic with period M and y_n is a stream which is periodic with period N then the streams $x_n + y_n$ and $x_n y_n$ are periodic with periods dividing the lowest common multiple of M and N. One of the most confidential German codes² involved a complex mechanism which the British found could be simulated by two loops of paper tape of length 1501 and 1497. If $k_n = x_n + y_n$ where x_n is a stream of period 1501 and y_n is a stream of period 1497, what is the longest possible period of k_n ? How many consecutive values of k_n would you need to find the underlying linear feedback register using the Berlekamp-Massey method if you did not have the information given in the question? If you had all the information given in the question how many values of k_n would you need? [Hint: look at $x_{n+1497} - x_n$.]

You have shown that, given k_n for sufficiently many consecutive n we can find k_n for all n. Can you find x_n for all n?

11 Criticise the following authentication procedure. Alice chooses N as the public key for the Rabin cryptosystem. To be sure we are in communication with Alice we send her a 'random item' $r \equiv m^2 \pmod{N}$. On receiving r, Alice proceeds to decode using her knowledge of the factorisation of N, and finds a square root m_1 of r. She returns m_1 to us and we check that $r = m_1^2 \pmod{N}$. [Consider what happens when many mutually distrusting parties communicate with Alice in this way.]

¹Tahir Elgamal is an Egyptian cryptographer. His surname has been spelled as two words (the Arabic "El" part is equivalent to "the" in English), and as a single word with an intra-capital. The cryptographic literature is full of both spellings. Dr Elgamal himself spells it as a singly capitalised surname, as this is less likely to be mangled in English.

²codenamed FISH by the allies; this is because Bletchley Park had revealed that the Germans called their wireless teleprinter transmission systems 'Sägefisch' (sawfish). The marvellous tale of how FISH was broken is in Part 3 of the book 'Code Breakers: the inside story of Bletchley Park' edited by Harry Hinsley and Alan Stripp (OUP, 1993).

12 The Mariner 9 mission established that written Martian used an alphabet containing only three letters (which we'll call A, B and C) and avoided the use of spaces (thus a Martian book consists of single word). In the written Martian language, the letter A has frequency .5 and the letters B and C both have frequency .25. In order to disguise this, the Martian Battlefleet uses codes in which the (3r+i)th number is $x_{3r+i}+y_i$ modulo 3 $(0 \le i \le 2)$ where $x_j = 0$ if the jth letter of the message is A, $x_j = 1$ if the jth letter of the message is B, $x_j = 2$ if the jth letter of the message is C and C0, C1 are the numbers C2 in some order.

Radio interception on Venus has picked up the following message from the Martians:

120022010211121001001021002021.

Although nobody in Venusian Starfleet Intelligence (called MIV) reads Martian, it is believed that the last letter of the message will be B if the Martian Battlefleet has launched. MIV are desperate to know the last letter and send a representative to Torchwood to ask Captain Jack's advice. What does Jack advise?

Further Problems

- 13 The Secret Intelligence Service (known since WWII as MI6) is proud of the excellence of its privacy system LoTeX. To advertise this fact to the world, the Chief of MI6 (known as C)³ decrees that the internal telephone directory should bear on its cover a number N (a product of two very large secret primes) and each name in the directory should be followed by their personal encryption number e_i . Now C knows all the secret decryption numbers d_i but gives these out on a need to know basis only. (Of course each member of staff must know their personal decryption number but they are instructed to keep it secret.) Messages a from C to members of staff are encrypted in the standard manner as a^{e_i} modulo N and decrypted as b^{d_i} modulo N.
- (i) C sends a message to all members of MI6. An outsider intercepts the encrypted message to individuals i and j where e_i and e_j are coprime. How can the outsider read the message? [This is known as the 'common modulus' attack.] Can she read other messages sent from C to the ith member of staff only?
- (ii) By means of a phone tapping device, Agent 007 (number u in the directory) has intercepted messages from C to his hated rival, Agent 006 (number v in the directory). Explain why he can decode them.

What moral should be drawn?

- 14 Let K be the finite field with 2^d elements. We recall that K^* is a cyclic group, generated by α say. Let $T: K \to \mathbb{F}_2$ be any non-zero \mathbb{F}_2 -linear map.
- (i) Show that the \mathbb{F}_2 -bilinear form $K \times K \to \mathbb{F}_2$; $(x,y) \mapsto T(xy)$ is non-degenerate (i.e. T(xy) = 0 for all $y \in K$ implies x = 0).
 - (ii) Show that the sequence $x_n = T(\alpha^n)$ is the output from a LFSR of length d.
- (iii) The period of $(x_n)_{n\geq 0}$ is the least integer $r\geqslant 1$ such that $x_{n+r}=x_n$ for all sufficiently large n. Show that the sequence in (ii) has period 2^d-1 .

³The first Chief was Captain Sir George Mansfield Smith-Cumming, KCMG, CB. He typically signed correspondence with his final initial C in green ink. This usage evolved as a code name, and has been adhered to by all subsequent chiefs of MI6 when signing documents to retain anonymity. He is referred to as 'Control' in the John le Carré novel The spy who came in from the cold, and in other novels. In the original Bond novels, Ian Fleming refers to the chief of SIS as M (as played by Dame Judy Dench).

- 15 Suppose that N = pq where p and q are distinct primes with the same number of binary digits. We use an RSA cipher with modulus N, encrypting exponent e and decrypting exponent e, with $0 < d, e < \varphi(N)$.
 - (a) Show that $N \varphi(N) < 3\sqrt{N}$.
 - (b) Let $k = (de 1)/\varphi(N)$. Show that k is an integer less than d.
 - (c) Show that if $d < \frac{1}{3}N^{1/4}$ then

$$\left| \frac{k}{d} - \frac{e}{N} \right| < \frac{1}{3d^2}.$$

(d) It is known that if x is a positive real number and a, b are integers with

$$\left|x - \frac{a}{b}\right| < \frac{1}{2b^2}$$

then a/b arises as one of the convergents of the continued fraction expansion of x. Explain how this observation may be used to attack RSA.

SM, Lent Term 2020

Comments on and corrections to this sheet may be emailed to sm@dpmms.cam.ac.uk