IB Groups, Rings and Modules: Example Sheet 4

All rings in this course are commutative with a multiplicative identity.

- 1. Let M be a module over an integral domain R. An element m is a *torsion* element if rm = 0 for some non-zero $r \in R$. Show that the set of T of all torsion elements in M is a submodule of M the *torsion* submodule. Show further that the quotient M/T is *torsion-free*, that is, the only torsion element is the zero element.
- 2. We say that an *R*-module satisfies condition (N) on submodules if any submodule is finitely generated. Show that this condition is equivalent to condition (ACC): every increasing chain of submodules terminates.
- 3. (i) Is the abelian group Q torsion free? Is it free? Is it finitely generated?
 (ii) Prove that R is not finitely generated as a module over the ring Q.
- 4. Use elementary operations to bring the integer matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -6 & 7 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \\ 6 & 6 & 15 \end{pmatrix}$ to Smith normal form D.

Check your result using minors. Write down invertible matrices P, Q for which D = QAP.

5. Work out the invariant factors of the matrices over $\mathbb{R}[X]$:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2X-1 & X & X-1 & 1 \\ X & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & X & X \\ 1 & X^2 & 0 & 2X-2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{pmatrix} X^2+2X & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & X^2+3X+2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & X^3+2X^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & X^4+X^3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- 6. Let A be the abelian group given by generators a, b, c and the relations 6a + 10b = 0, 6a + 15c = 0, 10b + 15c = 0 (that is, A is the quotient of the free abelian group on generators a, b, c by the subgroup generated by the elements 6a + 10b, 6a + 15c, 10b + 15c). Determine the structure of G as a direct sum of cyclic groups.
- 7. How many abelian groups are there of order 6? Of order 60? Of order 6000?
- 8. Write f(n) for the number of distinct abelian groups of order n.
 (i) Show that if n = p₁^{a₁} p₂^{a₂} ··· p_k^{a_k} with the p_i distinct primes and a_i ∈ N then f(n) = f(p₁^{a₁})f(p₂^{a₂}) ··· f(p_k^{a_k}).
 (ii) Show that f(p^a) equals the number p(a) of partitions of a, that is, p(a) is the number of ways of writing a as a sum of positive integers, where the order of summands is unimportant. (For example, p(5) = 7, since 5 = 4 + 1 = 3 + 2 = 3 + 1 + 1 = 2 + 2 + 1 = 2 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1.)
- 9. Let A be a complex matrix with characteristic polynomial $(X + 1)^6 (X 2)^3$ and minimal polynomial $(X + 1)^3 (X 2)^2$. Write down the possible Jordan normal forms for A.
- 10. Find a 2×2 matrix over $\mathbb{Z}[X]$ that is not equivalent to a diagonal matrix.

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Additional Questions

- 11. A real $n \times n$ matrix A satisfies the equation $A^2 + I = 0$. Show that n is even and A is similar to a block matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -I \\ I & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ with each block an $m \times m$ matrix (where n = 2m).
- 12. Let R be a Noetherian ring and M be a finitely generated R-module. Show that all submodules of M are finitely generated.
- 13. Show that a complex number α is an algebraic integer if and only if the additive group of the ring $\mathbb{Z}[\alpha]$ is finitely generated (i.e. $\mathbb{Z}[\alpha]$ is a finitely generated \mathbb{Z} -module). Furthermore if α and β are algebraic integers show that the subring $\mathbb{Z}[\alpha, \beta]$ of \mathbb{C} generated by α and β also has a finitely generated additive group and deduce that $\alpha \beta$ and $\alpha\beta$ are algebraic integers. Show that the algebraic integers form a subring of \mathbb{C} .
- 14. What is the rational canonical form of a matrix?

Show that the group $GL_2(\mathbb{F}_2)$ of non-singular 2×2 matrices over the field \mathbb{F}_2 of 2 elements has three conjugacy classes of elements.

Show that the group $GL_3(\mathbb{F}_2)$ of non-singular 3×3 matrices over the field \mathbb{F}_2 has six conjugacy classes of elements, corresponding to minimal polynomials X+1, $(X+1)^2$, $(X+1)^3$, X^3+1 , X^3+X^2+1 , X^3+X+1 , one each of elements of orders 1, 2, 3 and 4, and two of elements of order 7.

Comments and corrections should be sent to saxl@dpmms.cam.ac.uk.