

POLARISED LINEAR LOGIC

Negative formulae

$$N = X^\perp \mid N \wp N \mid N \& N \mid \perp \mid \top \mid ?P$$

Positive formulae

$$P = X \mid P \otimes P \mid P \oplus P \mid 1 \mid 0 \mid !N$$

Rules in terms of one sided sequents

$$\vdash \Gamma$$

with the stipulation that

there is at most one positive formula in Γ .

SOME RULES

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, N, M}{\vdash \Gamma, N \& M}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, P \quad \vdash \Delta, Q}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta, P \otimes Q}$$

$$\frac{\vdash N, N}{\vdash N, !N}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, P}{\vdash \Gamma, ??}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash \Gamma, N}$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, N, N}{\vdash \Gamma, N}$$

CUT

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, N \quad \vdash N^\perp, \Delta}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta}$$

NATURAL MODEL

(Regnier)

Take \mathbb{L} a model for classical linear logic. Then let

Negative formulae be \mathcal{I} .comonoids

Positive formulae be \mathcal{O} .comonoids

and take relevant sequents

NEGATIVE READING

Read $\vdash \Gamma, P$

as $P^\perp \vdash \Gamma$

i.e. 

and $\vdash N$

as 

i.e. an opmulticategory acting on a set on the (right/left).

We move to a positive reading i.e. get a multicategory on the positive formulae.

VERSIONS OF POLARISED LOGIC

Issues (positive reading)

With additives
⊕

or

Without additives

Exponentials
(so ⊗ a product)

or

Lifts
(⊗ arbitrary)

	⊕	no ⊕
Exponentials	control control world	⊗ → world
Lifts		

Simplest so study that first.

(Rest will lift along same lines.)

CATEGORICAL SYNTAX

We have \mathcal{P} a symmetric monoidal category, with

Pos a set on which \mathcal{P} acts on the right

i.e. $\text{Pos} : \mathcal{P}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

an operation \neg on objects

elements $\pi_A \in \text{Pos}(\neg A \otimes A)$

operations

$$\lambda_B : \text{Pos}(A \otimes B) \longrightarrow \mathcal{P}(A, \neg B)$$

natural in A ,

satisfying

$$\lambda_A(\pi_A) = \text{id}_{\neg A}$$

$$\text{for } \phi \in \text{Pos}(A \otimes B) \quad (\lambda_B \phi \otimes B)^* \pi_B = \phi$$

Naturality is

$$\lambda_B(\mu \otimes B)^* \phi = \lambda_B \phi \cdot u$$

$$\text{for } \phi \in \text{Pos}(A \otimes B) \quad \text{and } u: A' \rightarrow A.$$

NATURAL DEDUCTION VERSION

Negative types

$$T = X \mid T \otimes T \mid I \mid \neg T$$

Positive type

P

Usual \otimes -calculus

$$\frac{}{* : I}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : I \quad \Delta \vdash a : A}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash \text{let } t \text{ be } * \text{ in } a : A}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : A \quad \Delta \vdash b : B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash a \otimes b : A \otimes B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A, y : B \vdash c : C \quad \Delta \vdash s : A \otimes B}{\Gamma, \Delta \vdash \text{let } s \text{ be } x \otimes y \text{ in } c : C}$$

Response rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash a : A}{\Gamma, x : \neg A \vdash xa : P}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash \phi : P}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. \phi : \neg A}$$

ALGEBRAIC FORM

OF THE CATEGORICAL COMBINATORS

(i.e. we write the action on the right)

Naturality

$$\lambda_B (\phi \cdot u \otimes v) = \lambda_B \phi \cdot u$$

β -rule

$$\pi_B \cdot (\lambda_B \phi \otimes v) = \phi$$

η -rule

$$\lambda_A \pi_A = \text{id}_{\gamma_A}$$

A NATURAL ISOMORPHISM

We have correspondences

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Pos}(A \otimes B) & \longrightarrow & \text{IP}(A, \gamma B) \\ \phi & \longmapsto & \lambda_B \phi \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{IP}(A, \gamma B) & \longrightarrow & \text{Pos}(A \otimes B) \\ f & \longmapsto & \pi_B \cdot (f \otimes B) \end{array}$$

The composites

$$\phi \longmapsto \pi_B \cdot (\lambda_B \phi \otimes B) = \phi \quad \text{by } \beta\text{-rule}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f \longmapsto \lambda_B (\pi_B \cdot (f \otimes B)) &= \lambda_B \pi_B \cdot f && \text{by naturality} \\ &= \text{id}_{\gamma B} \cdot f && \text{by } \eta\text{-rule} \\ &= f \end{aligned}$$

So

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pos}(A \otimes B) &\cong \text{IP}(A, \gamma B) \\ &(\text{naturally in } A). \end{aligned}$$

RESPONSE CATEGORIES

These are symmetric monoidal categories \mathcal{C} equipped with an object R and special function spaces $A \multimap R$ with natural isomorphisms

$$\mathcal{C}(A \otimes B, R) \cong \mathcal{C}(A, B \multimap R).$$

ALTERNATIVE PRESENTATION

Symmetric monoidal \mathcal{C} with a

strong self-duality $N: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}}$

on the right.

\mathbb{P} AS RESPONSE CATEGORY

We have

$$\mathbb{P}(A, \neg B) \cong \mathbb{P}_{\cap}(A \otimes B)$$

$$\cong \mathbb{P}_{\cap}(A \otimes B \otimes I) \cong \mathbb{P}(A \otimes B, \neg I)$$

in set

$$R = \neg I$$

and

$$B \rightarrow R \cong \neg B.$$

TENSOR - NOT CATEGORIES

For this talk, these are the premonoidal categories which occur as the Kleisli categories for the

$$(_) \multimap R \multimap R = \neg\neg(_)$$

monad on a response category.

(i.e. drop the cartesian condition)

We have

$$\mathbb{C}_{\neg\neg}(A, B) = \mathbb{C}(A, \neg\neg B) \cong \mathbb{C}(\neg B, \neg A)$$

with premonoidal structure \otimes .

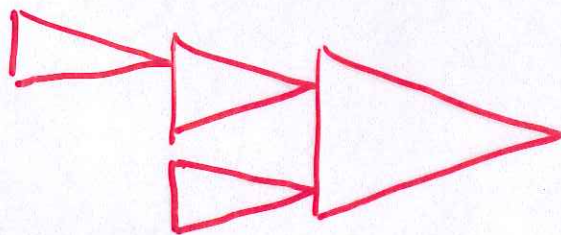
CLOSED MULTICATEGORIES

A multicategory \mathbb{M} has
objects A, B, C

multimaps

$$f: A_1, \dots, A_n \longrightarrow B$$

with obvious identities and
composition laws, eg.



(We are interested in symmetric \mathbb{M} .)

\mathbb{M} is closed if it is equipped
with function spaces $[A, B]$ and
appropriately natural isomorphisms

$$\mathbb{M}(A_1, \dots, A_n, B; C) \cong \mathbb{M}(A_1, \dots, A_n; [B, C])$$

LAMBDA CALCULUS TRANSLATION

Let \mathbb{D} be the opposite of our $\otimes \neg$ category $\mathbb{C}_{\neg\neg}$; so we have

$$\mathbb{D}(A, B) = \mathbb{C}_{\neg\neg}(B, A) \cong \mathbb{C}(\neg A, \neg B)$$

The functor $\neg : \mathbb{D} \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}$ induces a multicategory structure on \mathbb{D} :

$$\mathbb{D}(A_1, \dots, A_n; B) \cong \mathbb{C}(\neg A_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \neg A_n, \neg B)$$

\mathbb{D} is then a closed multicategory as

$$\mathbb{D}(A_1, \dots, A_n, B; C) \cong \mathbb{C}(\neg A_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \neg A_n \otimes \neg B, \neg C)$$

$$\cong \mathbb{C}(\neg A_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \neg A_n, \neg(\neg B \otimes C))$$

$$\cong \mathbb{D}(A_1, \dots, A_n; \neg B \otimes C)$$

so that the closed structure is

$$[B, C] = \neg B \otimes C$$

Note in particular that

$$[B, \neg C] = \neg B \otimes \neg C \cong [C, \neg B]$$

so that \neg is an internal / strong / enriched self-duality on the right. Indeed

$$\neg B \cong [B, I]$$

so I is now the response object.

EMBEDDING THEOREMS

(1) Any small (symmetric) closed multicategory \mathcal{K} embeds by

$$\mathcal{K} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$$

in a small (symmetric) monoidal category \mathcal{L} , where $\mathcal{K} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$ preserves the closed structure of \mathcal{K} .

HENCE

(2) Any small (symmetric) closed multicategory \mathcal{K} embeds by

$$\mathcal{K} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathcal{L}} = [\mathcal{L}^{\text{op}}, \text{Set}]$$

in a (symmetric) monoidal closed category $\tilde{\mathcal{L}}$, where $\mathcal{K} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathcal{L}}$ preserves the closed structure of \mathcal{K} .

ENRICHED ENDOMORPHISMS

Take \mathcal{K} a closed multicategory:
let \mathcal{E} be the category of enriched endomorphisms of \mathcal{K} i.e.

objects X where

$$(A, B) \longmapsto [A, B] \xrightarrow{X} [XA, XB]$$

maps $X \xrightarrow{\alpha} Y$ where

$$XA \xrightarrow{\alpha_A} YA$$

satisfying axioms.

1. \mathcal{E} and so \mathcal{E}^{op} monoidal under composition

2. $\mathcal{K} \longrightarrow \mathcal{E}^{\text{op}}$ by $A \longmapsto [A, -]$

3. YONEDA LEMMA

$$\mathcal{E}([A, -], X) \cong \mathcal{K}(\cdot; XA)$$

4. For \mathcal{K} symmetric can cut down to symmetric monoidal $\mathcal{L} \subseteq \mathcal{E}^{\text{op}}$.

A NEW RESPONSE CATEGORY

Take \mathcal{K} a (symmetric) closed multicategory with object S and no induced self-duality $[-, S]$ on the right.

Let \mathcal{R} be the closure in $\tilde{\mathcal{K}}$ of the image of \mathcal{K} under \otimes and $- \dashv S$; so \mathcal{R} is the generated response category.

WE HAVE

Response category \mathcal{C}



Tensor-not category \mathcal{C}_{\otimes}



Closed multicategory \mathcal{D}
with object I



Response category \mathcal{R}
as above



syntactic
description